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| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 10/806,866 | 03/22/2004 | Robert Tod Dimpsey | AUS920040065US1 | 2686 |
| 35525 IBM CORP (Y | 7590 02/11/2008 A) | • | EXAM | INER |
| C/O YEE & ASSOCIATES PC | | | SAVLA, ARPAN P | |
| P.O. BOX 8023 DALLAS, TX | | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | 2185 | |
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| | | | NOTIFICATION DATE | DELIVERY MODE |
| | | | 02/11/2008 | ELECTRONIC |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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ptonotifs@yeeiplaw.com

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| | Application No. | Applicant(s) | | | |
| | 10/806,866 | DIMPSEY ET AL. | | | |
| Office Action Summary | Examiner | Art Unit | | | |
| | Arpan P. Savla | 2185 | | | |
| The MAILING DATE of this communicati Period for Reply | on appears on the cover sheet w | ith the correspondence address | | | |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAIL! - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communica. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutor. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, the Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | ING DATE OF THIS COMMUNI CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a attion. by period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MOI by statute, cause the application to become A | CATION. reply be timely filed NTHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). | | | |
| Status | | | | | |
| 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed or | n 20 November 2007. | • | | | |
| . — . | This action is non-final. | | | | |
| 3) Since this application is in condition for | Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. | | | | |
| Disposition of Claims | | | | | |
| 4) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,4-8,12,15-18 and 21-24</u> is/are 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are w 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,4-8,12,15-18 and 21-24</u> is/are 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction | rithdrawn from consideration. | | | | |
| Application Papers | · | | | | |
| 9) The specification is objected to by the Ex | | | | | |
| 10) The drawing(s) filed onis/ are: a) | | | | | |
| Applicant may not request that any objection | | | | | |
| Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by | | | | | |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 | | | | | |
| 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for the a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document of the priority document of the certified copies of the priority document of the certified copies of the application from the International * See the attached detailed Office action for the certified copies of the application from the International * See the attached detailed Office action for the certified copies of the application from the International * See the attached detailed Office action for the certified copies of the priority document of the certified copies of th | numents have been received. Euments have been received in A ne priority documents have beer Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). | Application No n received in this National Stage | | | |
| Attachment(s) | ∆ □ 1-4 | | | | |
| Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-93) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date | 948) Paper No | Summary (PTO-413) (s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application | | | |

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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

This Office action is in response to Applicant's communication filed November 20, 2007 in response to the Office action dated August 24, 2007. Claims 1, 6, 12, 17-18, and 23-24 have been amended. Claims 1, 4-8, 12, 15-18, and 21-24 are pending in this application.

OBJECTIONS

Claims

1. In view of Applicant's amendments, the objection to <u>claims 1, 6, 12, 17-18, and</u>

23-24 have been withdrawn.

REJECTIONS BASED ON PRIOR ART

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. <u>Claims 1, 4-8, 12, 15-18, and 21-24</u> are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Damron (U.S. Patent 6,782,454) in view Hooker (U.S. Patent Application Publication 2003/0191900).

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4. As per claims 1 and 18, Damron discloses a method in a data processing system for providing hardware assistance to prefetch data during execution of code by a processor in the data processing system, the method comprising:

responsive to loading of an instruction in the code into a cache, determining, by a processor unit, whether metadata for a prefetch is present for the instruction, wherein the metadata comprises a prefetch indicator that is associated with the instruction by one of being placed in the instruction or stored in a shadow memory (col. 4, lines 58-61; col. 5, lines 17-24; Fig. 1, element 175; Fig. 3, element 220); It should be noted that computer program product in claims 18-23 executes the exact same functions as the methods in claims 1 and 4-6. Therefore, any references that teach claims 1-6 also teach the corresponding claims 18 and 21-23. It should also be noted that the "prefetch request" is analogous to the "instruction", the "prefetch engine" is analogous to the "processing unit", and the "starting address of a node (to be prefetched), an offset value, and a termination value" all in combination are analogous to the "metadata." Lastly, it should be noted that the "starting address of a node (to be prefetched)" and the "offset value", which are placed in the prefetch request, are analogous to the "prefetch indicator" being placed in the instruction.

responsive to determination of the metadata being present for the instruction, determining whether data is to be prefetched (col. 5, lines 27-35; Fig. 3, element 230); It should be noted that "determining whether a termination condition has been satisfied" is analogous to "determining whether data is to be prefetched." Data is prefetched until the termination condition is met.

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and responsive to a determination that data is to be prefetched, prefetching data, from within a data structure using the metadata, into the cache in the processor (col. 5, lines 24-26 and 35-42; Fig. 3, elements 225 and 235). It should be noted that responsive to the termination condition not being met, data is prefetched.

Damron does not expressly disclose wherein the step of determining whether data is to be prefetched comprises one of determining whether a number of outstanding cache misses is less than a first threshold, and determining whether a number of cache lines chosen to be replaced is greater than a second threshold;

and wherein the step of prefetching comprises one of prefetching the data responsive to determining that the number of outstanding cache misses is less than the first threshold, and prefetching the data responsive to determining that the number of cache lines chosen to be replaced is greater than the second threshold.

Hooker discloses wherein the step of determining whether data is to be prefetched comprises one of determining whether a number of outstanding cache misses is less than a first threshold, and determining whether a number of cache lines chosen to be replaced is greater than a second threshold (paragraph 0069; Fig. 5, element 536); It should be noted that the "response buffers" are analogous to the "cache lines."

and wherein the step of prefetching comprises one of prefetching the data responsive to determining that the number of outstanding cache misses is less than the first threshold, and prefetching the data responsive to determining that the number of

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cache lines chosen to be replaced is greater than the second threshold (paragraph 0070; Fig. 5, element 538).

Damron and Hooker are analogous art because they are from the same field of endeavor, that being prefetching memory systems.

At the time of the invention it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to implement Hooker's threshold based prefetch method within Damron's prefetch engine because, advantageously, by not prefetching cache lines if not enough free response buffers exist, the efficiency of a microprocessor is potentially increased.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to combine Damron and Hooker for the benefit of obtaining the invention as specified in claims 1 and 18.

- 5. As per claims 4 and 21, the combination of Damron/Hooker discloses retrieving the data from within the data structure using a pointer and an offset value (Damron, col. 5, lines 20-21). It should be noted that the "starting address of a node" is analogous to a "pointer."
- 6. As per claims 5 and 22, the combination of Damron/Hooker discloses retrieving the data from the data structure using an address (Damron, col. 5, lines 20-21).
- As per claims 6 and 23, the combination of Damron/Hooker discloses the processor unit is selected from one of an instruction cache and a load/store unit (Damron, col. 4, lines 58-61; Fig. 1, element 175). It should be noted that the "prefetch engine" is analogous to a "load/store unit."
- 8. <u>As per claim 7</u>, the combination of Damron/Hooker discloses the cache is an instruction cache (Damron, col. 4, lines 53-54).

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9. <u>As per claim 8</u>, the combination of Damron/Hooker discloses the metadata includes the pointer and the offset value (Damron, col. 5, lines 20-21). *See the citation note for claims 4 and 21 above.*

10. As per claim 12, Damron discloses a data processing system for providing hardware assistance to prefetch data during execution of code by a processor in the data processing system, the data processing system comprising:

first determining means, responsive to loading of an instruction in the code into a cache, for determining, by a processor unit, whether metadata for a prefetch is present for the instruction, wherein the metadata comprises a prefetch indicator that is associated with the instruction by one of being placed in the instruction or stored in a shadow memory (col. 4, lines 58-61; col. 5, lines 17-24; Fig. 1, element 175; Fig. 3, element 220); It should be noted that pg. 13, lines 3-5 of Applicant's specification appear to define this means as a computer. Also, see the citation note for the similar limitation in claims 1 and 18 above.

second determining means, responsive to determination of the metadata being present for the instruction, for determining whether data is to be prefetched (col. 5, lines 27-35; Fig. 3, element 230); *It should be noted that pg. 13, lines 3-5 of Applicant's specification appear to define this means as a computer. Also, see the citation note for the similar limitation in claims 1 and 18 above.*

and prefetching means, responsive to a determination that data is to be prefetched, for prefetching data, from within a data structure using the metadata, into the cache in the processor (col. 5, lines 24-26 and 35-42; Fig. 3, elements 225 and

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235). It should be noted that pg. 13, lines 3-5 of Applicant's specification appear to define this means as a computer.

Damron does not expressly disclose wherein the second determining means comprises one of means for determining whether data is to be prefetched comprises one of determining whether a number of outstanding cache misses is less than a first threshold, and means for determining whether a number of cache lines chosen to be replaced is greater than a second threshold;

and wherein the prefetching means comprises one of means for prefetching the data responsive to determining that the number of outstanding cache misses is less than the first threshold, and means for prefetching the data responsive to determining that the number of cache lines chosen to be replaced is greater than the second threshold.

Hooker discloses wherein the second determining means comprises one of means for determining whether data is to be prefetched comprises one of determining whether a number of outstanding cache misses is less than a first threshold, and means for determining whether a number of cache lines chosen to be replaced is greater than a second threshold (paragraph 0069; Fig. 5, element 536); See the citation note for the similar limitation in claims 1 and 18 above.

and wherein the prefetching means comprises one of means for prefetching the data responsive to determining that the number of outstanding cache misses is less than the first threshold, and means for prefetching the data responsive to determining

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that the number of cache lines chosen to be replaced is greater than the second threshold (paragraph 0070; Fig. 5, element 538).

Damron and Hooker are analogous art because they are from the same field of endeavor, that being prefetching memory systems.

At the time of the invention it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to implement Hooker's threshold based prefetch method within Damron's prefetch engine because, advantageously, by not prefetching cache lines if not enough free response buffers exist, the efficiency of a microprocessor is potentially increased.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to combine Damron and Hooker for the benefit of obtaining the invention as specified in claim 12.

- 11. As per claim 15, the combination of Damron/Hooker discloses retrieving means for retrieving the data from within the data structure using a pointer and an offset value (Damron, col. 5, lines 20-21). It should be noted that pg. 13, lines 3-5 of Applicant's specification appear to define this means as a computer. Also, see the citation note for the similar limitation in claims 4 and 21 above.
- 12. As per claim 16, the combination of Damron/Hooker discloses retrieving means for retrieving the data from the data structure using an address (Damron, col. 5, lines 20-21). It should be noted that pg. 13, lines 3-5 of Applicant's specification appear to define this means as a computer.
- 13. As per claim 17, the combination of Damron/Hooker discloses the processor unit is selected from one of an instruction cache and a load/store unit (Damron, col. 4, lines 58-61; Fig. 1, element 175). It should be noted that pg. 13, lines 3-5 of Applicant's

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specification appear to define this means as a computer. Also, see the citation note for the similar limitation in claims 6 and 23 above.

14. As per claim 24, Damron discloses a method in a data processing system for providing hardware assistance to prefetch data during execution of code by a processor in the data processing system, the method comprising:

responsive to loading of an instruction in the code into a cache, determining, by a processor unit, whether metadata for a prefetch is present for the instruction (col. 4, lines 58-61; col. 5, lines 17-24; Fig. 1, element 175; Fig. 3, element 220), wherein, the processor unit comprises one of the instruction cache and a load/store unit (col. 4, lines 58-61; Fig. 1, element 175), and wherein the metadata comprises a prefetch indicator that is associated with the instruction by one of being placed in the instruction and stored in a shadow memory (col. 4, lines 58-61; col. 5, lines 17-24; Fig. 1, element 175; Fig. 3, element 220), and comprises a pointer and an offset value (col. 5, lines 20-21);

responsive to determination of the metadata being present for the instruction, determining whether data is to be prefetched (col. 5, lines 27-35; Fig. 3, element 230); It should be noted that "determining whether a termination condition has been satisfied" is analogous to "determining whether data is to be prefetched." Data is prefetched until the termination condition is met.

and responsive to a determination that data is to be prefetched, prefetching data, from within a data structure using the metadata, into the cache in the processor (col. 5, lines 24-26 and 35-42; Fig. 3, elements 225 and 235).

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Damron does not expressly disclose wherein the step of determining whether data is to be prefetched comprises one of determining whether a number of outstanding cache misses is less than a first threshold, and determining whether a number of cache lines chosen to be replaced is greater than a second threshold;

and wherein the step of prefetching comprises one of prefetching the data responsive to determining that the number of outstanding cache misses is less than the first threshold, and prefetching the data responsive to determining that the number of cache lines chosen to be replaced is greater than the second threshold.

Hooker discloses wherein the step of determining whether data is to be prefetched comprises one of determining whether a number of outstanding cache misses is less than a first threshold, and determining whether a number of cache lines chosen to be replaced is greater than a second threshold (paragraph 0069; Fig. 5, element 536);

and wherein the step of prefetching comprises one of prefetching the data responsive to determining that the number of outstanding cache misses is less than the first threshold, and prefetching the data responsive to determining that the number of cache lines chosen to be replaced is greater than the second threshold (paragraph 0070; Fig. 5, element 538).

At the time of the invention it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to implement Hooker's threshold based prefetch method within Damron's prefetch engine because, advantageously, by not prefetching cache lines if not enough free response buffers exist, the efficiency of a microprocessor is potentially increased.

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Therefore, it would have been obvious to combine Damron and Hooker for the benefit of obtaining the invention as specified in claim 24.

Response to Arguments

- 15. Applicant's arguments filed November 20, 2007 with respect to claims <u>1, 4-8, 12,</u>

 15-18, and 21-23 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.
- 16. With respect to Applicant's argument in the last paragraph on page 8 of the communication filed November 20, 2007, the Examiner respectfully disagrees and refers Applicant to the rejections above as well as the comments directly below.
- 17. With respect to Applicant's argument in the first full paragraph on page 9 of the communication filed November 20, 2007, the Examiner respectfully disagrees. As stated above, the Examiner interprets Hooker's free response buffers equivalent to Applicant's cache lines. More specifically, in Hooker, a free response buffer that is to be allocated is equivalent to Applicant's cache line that is chosen to be replaced (both the free response buffer and the cache line are being reallocated). Accordingly, Hooker's determining if a number of response buffers available to be allocated is above a threshold sufficiently discloses determining whether a number of cache lines to be replaced is greater than a second threshold value. As for the discussion regarding the limitation "determining whether a number of outstanding cache misses is less than a first threshold value" see the comments below.
- 18. With respect to Applicant's argument in the first full paragraph on page 10 of the communication filed November 20, 2007, the Examiner respectfully disagrees. The

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Examiner notes that the claim limitation does not read "determining if a number of cache lines to be replaced is below a first threshold value" as suggested by Applicant, but rather "determining whether a number of cache lines chosen to be replaced is **greater** a **second** threshold value." The Examiner has addressed the argument regarding this claim limitation in section 17 of the current Office action.

With respect to Applicant's arguments beginning in the first full paragraph on 19. page 11 through the first paragraph on page 12 of the communication filed November 20, 2007, the Examiner respectfully disagrees. The Examiner notes that the language of the claim in question (claim 1) recites "the step of determining whether data is to be prefetched comprises one of determining whether a number of outstanding cache misses is less than a first threshold, and determining whether a number of cache lines chosen to be replaced is greater than a second threshold; and wherein the step of prefetching comprises one of prefetching the data responsive to determining that the number of outstanding cache misses is less than the first threshold, and prefetching the data responsive to determining that the number of cache lines chosen to be replaced is greater than the second threshold." (emphasis added) The Examiner notes that the term "one of A and B" is equivalent to the term "A or B". Therefore, the language of claim 1 could also be read "the step of determining whether data is to be prefetched comprises determining whether a number of outstanding cache misses is less than a first threshold, or determining whether a number of cache lines chosen to be replaced is greater than a second threshold; and wherein the step of prefetching comprises prefetching the data responsive to determining that the number of outstanding cache

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misses is less than the first threshold, or prefetching the data responsive to determining that the number of cache lines chosen to be replaced is greater than the second threshold." (emphasis added) Thus, the language of claim 1 does not dictate that the step of determining whether data is to be prefetched comprises both prefetching the data responsive to determining that the number of outstanding cache misses is less than the first threshold, and prefetching the data responsive to determining that the number of cache lines chosen to be replaced is greater than the second threshold; and wherein the step of prefetching comprises both prefetching the data responsive to determining that the number of outstanding cache misses is less than the first threshold, and prefetching the data responsive to determining that the number of cache lines chosen to be replaced is greater than the second threshold. In contradistinction, the language of claim 1 instead dictates that the step of the step of determining whether data is to be prefetched comprises either prefetching the data responsive to determining that the number of outstanding cache misses is less than the first threshold, or prefetching the data responsive to determining that the number of cache lines chosen to be replaced is greater than the second threshold; and wherein the step of prefetching comprises either prefetching the data responsive to determining that the number of outstanding cache misses is less than the first threshold, or prefetching the data responsive to determining that the number of cache lines chosen to be replaced is greater than the second threshold. As discussed in section 17 of the current Office action, Hooker sufficiently discloses determining whether a number of cache lines

chosen to be replaced is greater than a second threshold. Also, as cited in the

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rejections above, paragraph 0070 and Fig. 5, element 538 of Hooker sufficiently disclose prefetching the data responsive to determining that the number of cache lines chosen to be replaced is greater than the second threshold. Accordingly, the combination of Damron/Hooker sufficiently discloses the language of claim 1.

- As for Applicant's arguments with respect to independent claims 12, 18, and 24, 20. the arguments rely on the allegation that independent claims 1 allowable and therefore for the same reasons independent claims 12, 18, and 24 are allowable. However, as addressed above, independent claim 1 is not allowable, thus, Applicant's arguments with respect to independent claims 12, 18, and 24 are not persuasive.
- As for Applicant's arguments with respect to the dependent claims, the 21. arguments rely on the allegation that the independent claims are allowable and therefore, by virtue of their dependency, the dependent claims are allowable. However, as addressed above, the independent claims are not allowable, thus, Applicant's arguments with respect to the dependent claims are not persuasive.

Conclusion

STATUS OF CLAIMS IN THE APPLICATION

The following is a summary of the treatment and status of all claims in the application as recommended by MPEP 707.70(i):

CLAIMS REJECTED IN THE APPLICATION

Per the instant office action, claims 1, 4-8, 12, 15-18, and 21-24 have received a second action on the merits and are subject of a second action final.

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THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Arpan P. Savla whose telephone number is (571) 272-1077. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:30-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Sanjiv Shah can be reached on (571) 272-4098. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Arpan Savla

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February 4, 2008

SANJIV SHAH PERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

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